

A VOTE FOR WILSON

IS A VOTE FOR PEACE, PROSPERITY AND PATRIOTISM

PROSPERITY NOT A CREATION OF WAR

Bulk Came from the Ordinary Business Channels, Declares Charles M. Schwab---2 1-2 Billion Trade Balance.

In answer to the cry of Republican politicians, that the unprecedented prosperity that has come to America under the administration of President Wilson is due to the European war orders, comes a statement from Charles M. Schwab, head of the Bethlehem Steel Company, himself a Republican, that refutes the charge. "It is a mistake to imagine that the major portion of our business is war order business," says Mr. Schwab, in a signed article in the October number of System. "Even a casual inspection of the great volume of exports will demonstrate that the bulk is drawn from the ordinary course of business. It is also found that, at present prices, domestic business is as profitable as foreign munition business."

Predictions are made that the trade balance for the entire year will exceed the unprecedented figure of \$2,500,000,000. The value of the exports for the eight months was \$3,435,969,212, an increase of \$1,205,882,100 over the same period last year.

Here is just a glimpse at percentages, prepared by expert statisticians, that prove what the Wilson Administration has done for the people:

- Increase in bank deposits, 68 per cent;
- money in circulation, 22 per cent;
- stock of gold in United States, 34.1 per cent;
- foreign commerce, 52.7 per cent;
- balance of trade in favor of United States, 287.6 per cent;
- agricultural exports, 44.1 per cent;
- manufactured exports 155 per cent;
- railway revenues, 37.6 per cent;
- value of general crops and live stock, 12.4 per cent;
- value of wheat crop, 67.5 per cent;
- output of pig iron, 25 per cent;
- production of steel, 35.5 per cent;
- farm lands 12.7 per cent;
- men employed in manufacturing, 23.2 per cent;
- wages paid in manufacturing, 41.5 per cent;
- capital employed in manufacturing, 30.9 per cent;
- value of manufactured products, 41.2 per cent.

And the munitions business comprises only one per cent of the total

AN OPEN LETTER TO REPRESENTATIVE SINNOTT

Ontario, Ore., Nov. 2, 1916.

To Hon. N. J. Sinnott:

The Wilson League of Ontario, composed of 115 Democrats and 30 Republicans, wish to commend you for service to your district rendered by casting your vote for practically every one of the Wilson laws; We assume that as a strong minded congressman you voted conscientiously for the Federal Farm Loan Act and the Adamson 8 hour law, being in no sense under duress, nor catering to the farmer vote in one instance nor to the railroad division towns in your district in the other.

We have checked up your vote on important measures and it was generally on the right side, i. e., for the people and progress; as soon as the election is over and you prepare to serve again a public again led by our present President, you will be fair and honest minded enough to defend him against all comers. Now why is it, that during this campaign you are urging the election of Hughes, when you know that Hughes has said that the Wilson legislation must be wiped off the slate? Were your votes all wrong or are you weak and vacillating? Does not your support of Hughes condemn every vote you cast in support of a Wilson measure?

A Warning to America from Europe

There are a million maimed and blinded boys today in Europe. There are millions of homes to which loved ones will never return.

There would be a million mourning homes in America today had the United States entered the European war.

You have been spared this misery. You are still surrounded by those you love.

Do not gamble with your great good future.

Keep Wilson in Washington!

PRESIDENT WILSON (LATEST PHOTOGRAPH)



Peace---with Respect of whole World

[From letter of Thomas Jefferson to C. W. F. Du-mas, March 24, 1793.]

"The scene in Europe is becoming very interesting. Amidst the confusion of a general war, which seems to be threatening that quarter of the globe, we hope to be permitted to preserve the line of neutrality. Peace with all nations and the right which that gives us with respect to all nations are our object."

Woodrow Wilson has lived closer to these words of Jefferson and under more trying circumstances than any other President of the Republic.

RURAL CREDIT LAW CUTS MONEY RATES

Former High-Interest Agencies Rush to Reduce Rates to Farmers --- Effects Already Being Felt Strongly.

The effect of the new rural credit law, passed by the Democratic Administration, already is being felt in lower interest rates, although the land banks have not yet been organized. Testimony to this effect is being given at the hearings held by the Federal Farm Loan Board in various western cities.

At the hearings in Nebraska, numerous farmers stated that interest rates in the homesteading section of that state already have been reduced from one to two per cent, by the prospective competition of the thirty to forty year loans that the land banks soon will be making.

The average loan that an insurance company or other loan agency would make on a 640-acre "Kinkaid" claim was \$1,000. The commission deducted this left the farmer \$850. He paid interest at from 8 to 10 per cent, for five years on \$1,000, making his average net interest rate from 11 to 13 per cent.

This now is stopped by the coming competition of the new rural credits law. Loan agents are rushing into Nebraska to make five-year loans at lower rates, to forestall the operation of the new law.

The farmers of the West, who have suffered exorbitant interest rates for years, are not worrying about the banks. Their testimony before the farm loan board showed that they are enthusiastic over the new law, and ready to help put it in successful operation.

The new farm loan act provides means by which farmers can form co-operative or joint stock associations and borrow from the regional federal Farm Loan Bank on the security of their land. Ten farmers can form one of these associations. They can borrow up to 50 per cent of the value of their land, for a period running up to forty years.

The loan is repayable in small annual payments, or can be paid in full at any time. The estimated interest rate is 5 per cent. The farmer who borrows will share in the profits

Railroad Chiefs for Wilson. Great Educators for Wilson. Labor Tide Toward Wilson. Farmers Declare for Wilson.

"Prosperity was on its way when the European war broke out and the war is not the cause of the great business in the United States, but only served to hasten it. I expect to see the boom keep up, even though the war should end tomorrow."—E. S. Kearney, president of the Wabash railroad.

This is not the statement of a partisan politician. Nor a partisan newspaper. Nor a stamp speaker. Nor a man who wants to get into office.

F. D. Underwood, president of the Erie, says: President Wilson has achieved the seemingly impossible and is worthy of a future trial. I am not carried away by the statements and promises that any political party on the outs makes.

Mr. Underwood, like Mr. Kearney, is the head of a great railroad system. They know that the country is safe under President Wilson, and think he ought to be re-elected. Possibly they are afraid of the Hughes campaign slogan, "we want deeds, not words." Anyway, as a matter of business, they think it better to accept Wilson than try an experiment.

Mr. Underwood in his interview endorsed what Judge Lovett, president of the Union Pacific, recently said. What Judge Lovett said was this:

"My firm conviction is that Wilson has more great achievements to his credit than most presidents who have preceded him. Wilson settled the currency question and settled it so effectively and wisely that his most reckless critics are silent on the subject. His management of our relations to the European war situation is the greatest and most brilliant page in our diplomatic history."

Do you ask why these railroad presidents are coming out for President Wilson? It is because they realize that his constructive enactments are making for a lasting prosperity in this country. Each of them speaks of these achievements. They realize that President Wilson is a builder, and not a destroyer.

Those men opposed the Adamson 8-hour law, but patriotically recognize Wilson's great constructive work for the whole nation.

Great Educators for Wilson.

"Those of us who are old enough to remember the election of 1864 and the tempest of vilification and accusation which burst upon the head of Abraham Lincoln during the campaign preceding his second election, know what to look for at a time like this."—Washington Gladden, distinguished clergyman and author.

Dr. William Trufant Foster, president of Reed college, was asked to tell why he was for Woodrow Wilson.

"I am for Wilson because I care more for human beings than I care for things," said Dr. Foster. "No administration has ever done so much as this one for humanity, both within and without the borders of this nation."

Among the well known women who have recently joined the Woodrow Wilson Independent League is Mrs. Fannie Fern Andrews, secretary of the American School Peace League, of which Mr. William Howard Taft is Honorary President; Miss A. Evelyn Newman, head of the Studio club of New York, widely known in suffrage and peace work, is another member of the organization.

Dr. Elliot, the grand old man of education in America, David Starr Jordan of Leland Stanford, Prof. Taussig of Harvard, Ella Flagg Young of Chicago, and Jane Addams of Hull House have all declared for Wilson.

After All, Who are the Real Cowards?

Those who charge the brave man in the White House with cowardice are themselves the most contemptible of cowards: too cowardly to fight fair. Wilson will continue to preserve American honor by peaceful methods if possible, by war if that prove the necessary resort.

The chief opponents of the 8-hour day toil one hour a week—clipping coupons.

Labor Tide Toward Wilson.

Enthusiastic offers of support continue to pour into National Democratic headquarters from working men and union leaders from every section of the United States and from every trade and industry. Not only will President Wilson get hundreds of thousands of votes from working men hitherto members of the Republican party, but thousands of wage-earners who have voted the Socialist ticket will this time mark their ballots for him.

The latest endorsement of President Wilson by a labor leader comes from John H. Walker, president of the Illinois State Federation of Labor.

"A working man who would vote for Hughes, in the face of his acts and declarations against labor, and in the face of the great accomplishments of Mr. Wilson for labor," said Mr. Walker, "must be uninformed, misinformed, blinded by prejudice, or carried away by party sentiment."

No word said for President Wilson will have greater effect than a statement by Andrew Furuseth, president of the Seamen's union, declaring: "I am for the election of Woodrow Wilson and a democratic congress because of the enactment of the Seamen's law and of the Clayton act, recognizing and enforcing the equality before the law of workmen with other citizens."

Asking, "Are Ye for God or Mammon?" President A. B. Garretson of the Order of Railway Conductors urges President Wilson's re-election, in the October number of "The Railway Conductor." Mr. Garretson is a life-long republican.

The Critics Had and Missed their Chance.

If the Republican critics of this administration really know how to run the country better than it is being run, why didn't they do it when they had full power? The Wilson administration will be returned to office by a sane public, because it has been conducted on a safe and sane basis.

Farmers Declare for Wilson.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 17—Indorsing in the most emphatic language President Wilson's foreign policy and applauding his courage and patriotism, the Farmers' National Congress of the United States in its thirty-sixth annual session, today telegraphed hearty congratulations to the president, expressing the profound gratitude and appreciation of this important body for the successful efforts of the president in keeping "the nation honorably at peace during one of the most trying periods of its history."

The organization also expresses appreciation of the administration's "constructive and effective legislation enacted for the benefit of the farmers of America."

In a few months time the farmers of this vicinity and all over the U. S. will be able to secure loans on their farms at a rate not exceeding six per cent, which is better than the 8 1/2 per cent average in the Northwest.

We may be living in a "Fool's Paradise," as Hughes says, but cash in hand is very comforting and present conditions are more nearly "Paradise" than this country has ever experienced, and Mr. Hughes will not be allowed to disturb our prosperity.

What Mr. Hughes Thought of Himself.

In 1912 when Justice Hughes was a member of the supreme court and was asked to become a candidate for president, he said:

"The man who on the highest judicial tribunal would consider another office is fit neither for the one he holds nor for the one to which he aspires."

Dire Effect of the Adamson 8-Hour Law.

After all the complaints of Candidate Hughes and the railroad companies about "confiscation of property," the highest price of the year in railroad stocks was during the 30 days following the passage of the 8-hour law.

Advertisement by the Woodrow Wilson League, Ontario; W. F. Homan, President